

**Item: Your First Fast Lane Travel Newsletter in 2022: Petergram #01
(#95 since inception)**

**Date: Saturday, January 1st 2022 – I wish you a Healthy, Prosperous,
Loving and Happy New Year!!**



From: Peter Sontag at the Fast Lane Travel Office in Oldsmar, Florida
To: Our Fast Lane Travel Customer Family and Friends at home in
**Australia, Canada, Europe, Iceland, New Zealand, Singapore, South
Africa and in the USA!**

**Subject: Welcome to 2022! Let's make this year a renewal of our spirit, joie de
vivre, carpe diem, Lebenslust, camaraderie and wonderful new Fast Lane Travel
experiences!**

**I. This year will be the start of the 3rd Year of this debilitating, destructive and,
hopefully, diminishing Pandemic:**

- A. There is Good News:** In fact, this past week, the first treatment for COVID-19 that is in the form of a pill that is taken orally is now available! "This is a major step forward in the fight against this global pandemic," said Dr. Patrizia Cavazzoni, M.D., director of the FDA's Center for Drug Evaluation and Research. "This authorization provides a new tool to combat COVID-19 at a crucial time in the pandemic as new variants emerge and promises to make antiviral treatment more accessible to patients who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19." It is touted as the "beginning of the end" of the Pandemic. Nevertheless, let's keep wearing masks; wash our hands to the point of sterility; and let's not panic.
- B. And there is Appreciation:** As our, albeit sparsely attended, 2021 fall tours have proven, Europe appears to be safer than the U.S. My appreciation and sincere gratitude go to the **2021 customers** who decided to follow-through with their reservations and enjoy **our wonderful 2021 Tours**. Despite news-media hype, erroneous social media rumors, and conflicting information from various sources they enjoyed themselves immensely. Specifically, I very much thank the gracious participants of the **Snowbird PORSCHE Rally in Florida**; the **Colorado Rocky Mountain High PORSCHE Tour**; the **German Romantic Castles PORSCHE Tour**; the **Fast Lane Alpine Adventure**; the **French Kiss PORSCHE Fest**; and the awesome **Romantic Wild West PORSCHE Fest**. However, adding up all the magnificent participants of these tours, it still only amounts to less than 20% participation of the average pre-Pandemic year! A **special thanks** goes to the Executives at **AVIS** and the various hotels in Europe.
- C. More Appreciation:** An enormous thank you, from the proverbial bottom of my heart, goes to the **three Fast Lane multiple-trip customers** who have expressed confidence in our future with substantial financial support to the company, during the now two years of dearth of revenues. They generously provided outright grants and loans of up to six-figures, to help us pay for the monthly expenses like staff and contractors' compensation, payroll taxes, occupancy expenses, automation, advertising, tour production and overhead. Thank you very very much.
- D. Finally, we appreciate the Perseverance** of those many customers who had made deposits in 2019 for trips in 2020 – which the Pandemic all cancelled; then rolled their deposits forward for their 2021 trips – which the (bleep) Pandemic again

cancelled; then once more persevered with us and, hopefully, will be able to finally participate in the PORSCHE Tour of their choice in 2022. **Thank you very much** for your patience, understanding and loyalty.

II. 2022 Fast Lane Travel PORSCHE and Luxury Car Tours News:

- A. **2022 Wheel Base Flamingo Luxury Tour “Best of Florida” Rally: Monday March 14th to Saturday, March 19th 2022.** By popular demand we have re-designed last year’s **Florida Luxury Tour** to create this fun **Wheel Base Luxury Rally**. Included are all automobile marques residing at **Wheel Base**, like antique beauties, Ferraris, Lambos, Porsches, perhaps even a couple original Cobras. **Go to our website www.fastlanetravel.com or call for detailed information 813 343 3001.** Your cars have been parked for too long.
- B. **2022 PCA Spring PORSCHE Treffen Stuttgart-Zuffenhausen Monday, May 2nd to Saturday, May 7th 2022. ALMOST SOLD OUT. I only have space for two more couples left.**
- C. **2022 PCA Fall PORSCHE Treffen** – we are getting lots of requests. I predict that by February it’ll be sold out.
- D. **2022 Twelve Alpine Passes** is featured on our website, Tue. May 31st to Thu. Jun. 9th 2022 at **\$12,998 per person**, double occupancy. Pure luxury and adrenaline – don’t miss this one.
- E. **2022 Tuscany PORSCHE Fest**, Mon. Oct. 3rd to Sat. Oct. 15th 2022 at **\$15,498 per person**, double occupancy **IS SOLD OUT – but we have started a waiting list.** If I get another dozen inquiries – I’ll do a second Tuscany trip.
- F. **Not all trips are on www.fastlanetravel.com yet.** – we are working diligently on completing the 2022 itineraries and updating the website. **Call us anytime to register for any of our trips.** FYI: the **Frühlingsfest** in Stuttgart is better than the **Oktoberfest** in Munich. It’s THE best party after a long winter. You haven’t lived until you have been in a beer hall with 5,000 Germans, dancing on tables, singing “Take me Home Country Road.”



2022 Fast Lane PORSCHE Trips in Current Planning V-95			
From	To	PORSCHE Tour	Highlight
14-Mar	19-Mar	Wheel Base Flamingo Rally Florida	Photo Rally
2-May	7-May	Original PCA PORSCHE TREFFEN Stuttgart	+Spring Beerfest
31-May	9-Jun	Twelve Alpine Passes PORSCHE Fest	2019 Successful Repeat
5-Jun	13-Jun	The 90th 24-Hours of Le Mans Luxury Tour	Pit Pass, 50-Yard Line
29-Aug	9-Sep	Come Home to Peter's Austrian Mountains	in design
4-Sep	17-Sep	German Romantic Castles - Baltic Sea	2020 Successful Repeat
11-Sep	17-Sep	Original PCA PORSCHE TREFFEN Stuttgart	P Factory
20-Sep	1-Oct	Carolinas Fall Colors - Tail of the Dragon	2020 Successful Repeat
20-Sep	1-Oct	Wonderful Switzerland plus a little Italy	in design
3-Oct	15-Oct	Ultimate Tuscany PORSCHE Fest & InterAlpen	SOLD OUT
18-Oct	23-Oct	Fall Colors of New England	in design
29-Oct	8-Nov	Romantic Wild West - fabulous tour	2021 Successful Repeat

Note: We, thankfully, keep getting weekly inquiries for **Tuscany**. We are in the process of considering adding a **second Tuscany Tour**, either before or after the first SOLD OUT Tuscany trip above. We have started a Tuscany **WAITING LIST** – so let us know of your interest. I'll keep you in the loop in the next Petergram.

III. My Final Thoughts – a real amazing “True Story”: During the First Quarter of 2020, the Pandemic shut down all of our European business, i.e., it basically put us out of business. The easy way out would have been to simply shut down our business, as so many others have. But all my life, I have never taken the easy way out. Thus, contrary to, perhaps, the well-meaning advice of financial and legal advisors, I did not shut down our accomplishment of 45-years of Fast Lane Travel's successful implementation of our motto “it's our business to do pleasure™” and run from our responsibilities. Below is an amazing and inspiring story of another remarkable team never giving up and accomplishing the impossible:

First, a personal note about my first business trip in June 1971. It was a beautiful sunny Wednesday, June 2nd, 1971, in New York at 116th and Broadway, when I graduated with honors with an MBA in Finance from the **Columbia University Graduate School of Business**. On Monday, June 7th I was sitting in first class on a PanAm 707 from JFK to Ezeiza International Airport in Buenos Aires. It was a 5,300 mile, 13-hour non-stop flight (one of the longest at that time) which I ended up taking about a dozen times to/from my assignment in Argentina. There were no satellites, radio beacons or navigation aids as the plane traversed for hours across the pitch-black Amazon Valley. In those days, the cockpit door was always open. Unlike today, there were four flight crew in the cockpit: a pilot, co-pilot, engineer, and navigator. Another full rotation crew was sitting in first class. In the center of the cockpit roof was a ceiling Plexiglas bubble. Every half hour the navigator stepped onto a stepstool and with a sextant took a star reading to determine the plane's position. Seems like a lifetime ago. But my experience diminishes by comparison to the **first commercial flight around the globe**.

From The Washington Post. How Pearl Harbor forced the world's first round-the-world commercial flight.

By Dave Kindy

Jack Poindexter walked briskly into the Liberty House department store on King Street in downtown Honolulu. It was Dec. 2, 1941, and palm trees swayed to the gentle rhythm of trade winds that sunny Tuesday morning. The chief flight radio officer on **Pan Am Flight NC18602** needed a spare shirt. He had left California unexpectedly the day before as a stand-in for an ill radio man onboard the **Boeing 314 Pacific Clipper**, a large flying boat — essentially a seaplane on steroids.

Poindexter had no clean clothes for the flight, which still had to make another stop in Auckland, New Zealand, and was not scheduled to return to San Francisco until Dec. 10. He had only a few dollars in his wallet, so this extra shirt was going to have to last him until then.

Little did he know it would be the only change of clothing he would have for more than a month.

The return flight from New Zealand to San Francisco via Honolulu was interrupted by the Japanese bombing of Pearl Harbor on Dec. 7, 1941 — “A date which will live in infamy,” as President Franklin D. Roosevelt termed it. That event, 80 years ago Tuesday, propelled the United States into war and forced the Pacific Clipper’s crew of 12 to make a dangerous — and historic — detour from their scheduled flight plan.

Instead of heading home by going east, they took the massive Boeing 314 in the opposite direction, flying blind with no charts and no support from the airline. They were shot at twice, narrowly escaped getting blown up and otherwise avoided disaster while piloting the first commercial flight to circumnavigate the globe. They flew more than 30,000 miles over vast expanses of empty oceans and remote landscapes on five continents while crossing the equator four times.

To top it off, the crew managed this feat without the aid of maps or radio contact, using only celestial navigation and an atlas obtained from a library in New Zealand. “Flying around the world with no charts is astounding,” said F. Robert van der Linden, curator of Air Transportation and Special Purpose Aircraft at the Smithsonian National Air and Space Museum. “They didn’t get lost and they had only one engine problem, which they fixed. These planes were beautiful, but they were hard to fly.”

The Boeing 314 was one of the largest aircraft of its era — nearly as large as a Boeing 747 today. With a wingspan of 152 feet, the plane weighed 84,000 pounds when loaded with passengers and fuel, requiring the full power of its four 1,600-horsepower Wright Cyclone engines to help it break free of the water’s pull and get into the air.

Pan Am pioneered the use of flying boats in the 1930s. A lack of airfields and the need for travel to remote locations made this unique aircraft a necessary form of transportation. A long stretch of calm water was all the landing strip this behemoth needed to reach populous seaports in the United States and Europe or exotic destinations like Honolulu, Fiji and Java. Service on board the flying boat — essentially a glamorous luxury ocean liner in the sky — was exceptional, with

gourmet meals cooked in onboard galleys and served in dining rooms. The Boeing 314, which could carry 74 passengers, also had sleeping quarters with turndown bed service.

Tickets weren't cheap. The cost to fly one way from San Francisco to Hong Kong in 1940 was \$760 — nearly \$15,000 today. "If you got on an airplane like this then, you were flying premium first class with a suite in an airliner today," van der Linden said. "There were nearly as many crew members on these flights as passengers to ensure comfort and safety."

Flight NC18602 originated in San Francisco on Dec. 1, 1941, with Capt. Robert Ford at the helm. He was a Master of Ocean Flying Boats — the certification pilots received once they learned the intricacies of flying such a complex aircraft. His skills would be tested to the extreme on this trip as the plane encountered all manner of obstacles, natural and manmade. After leaving Honolulu, the Pacific Clipper headed for Canton Island, a refueling stop almost 2,000 miles southwest of Hawaii. The plane was approaching Auckland with 12 passengers on Dec. 7, 1941, when a bulletin crackled across the radio: Pearl Harbor had been attacked. Pan Am was prepared for this eventuality. Ford had been handed a "Top Secret" letter just before leaving San Francisco. If war broke out, he was to follow his instructions exactly. At the time, the Boeing 314 was considered state-of-the-art technology. The letter was explicit: If the crew could not deliver the Pacific Clipper to the American military due to attack or imminent capture, then they were to destroy the aircraft. Their fate was secondary. As soon as the passengers exited the plane in Auckland, the crew began preparations for what was to come next. There would be no more passengers, or first-class service, onboard the Pacific Clipper from here on out. The rest of the trip would be escape and survival. After a week in New Zealand, Ford received orders from Pan Am to fly west with his crew. His destination was New York City, which meant he would have to fly over some of the most inhospitable lands and seas in the world. Worse, Ford and his crew were on their own. They would have no support, fuel or even money from the company.

Overloaded with gas, oil, spare parts and provisions, the Pacific Clipper departed Auckland on Dec. 17 and headed for Australia. Just before departure, Ford was able to secure a \$500 advance from the Pan Am ticketing office. That would cover food and fuel for the rest of the trip. Just before beginning the journey, the crew had stripped off most markings from the plane on orders from Pan Am, presumably to confuse Japanese patrol planes. But the move also befuddled the Royal Netherlands East Indies Army Air Force in Indonesia. Dutch fighters, already in dogfights with enemy aircraft, now looked suspiciously at the large gray flying boat trying to land in Java. Over the radio, the Pan Am crew could hear pilots wondering if they should shoot down the intruder.

Ford maintained strict radio silence, as ordered by Pan Am. He flew without any sudden course corrections and landed the flying boat in the harbor. Ford then noticed a small tender with a furiously waving boatman, who shouted that the plane had landed in a minefield. The Pan Am pilot gingerly moved his aircraft forward and avoided any contact with floating explosives. Aviation fuel was in short supply in Java, so the crew had to pump automobile gasoline into the

reserve tanks. Ford decided to take off using aviation fuel and then switch to the lower octane gas in midflight. The engines would run hotter and could suffer damage, but he had no choice.

The Homeric odyssey continued as the plane flew on to Ceylon, now Sri Lanka. Just before landing there, Ford eased his plane below the clouds — only to discover an enemy vessel about 300 feet below him. “All of a sudden there it was, right in front of us, a submarine!” Ford later recalled. “We could see the crew running for the deck gun.” He quickly pulled back into the clouds and avoided the incoming enemy fire.

On Christmas Eve morning, the Pacific Clipper departed Ceylon — only to return an hour later. Just as it reached cruising altitude, a huge explosion shook the aircraft. A piston in the No. 3 engine had broken loose, causing an eruption of smoke and flame. Repairs were made, and the Boeing 314 was back in the air the next day, headed for Karachi in what is now Pakistan.

On Dec. 29, the giant aircraft lumbered over the Arabian Peninsula on its way to the Nile River in Africa. It flew over Mecca, where overflights were banned. Suddenly, the crew could see people streaming from a mosque and firing guns at the plane. “At least they didn’t have any antiaircraft,” the pilot recalled. Ford eventually set down on the Nile near Khartoum. The plane was refueled and back in the air on New Year’s Day, 1942. Next stop: the Congo River in West Africa. Departures and arrivals are two of the most difficult maneuvers on a flying boat, which requires more than a thousand yards of calm, clear water for smooth flight to begin or end. At seaports, channels are carefully maintained and checked for debris just before touchdown or liftoff.

“A flying boat doesn’t land — it alights on water,” van der Linden said. “Coming down on a river is a lot harder than it sounds. You don’t know what’s in that river. When you consider the amount of fallen trees that must be in the Congo, in particular, it’s amazing. When you’re coming down at over 100 miles per hour and you hit something, you sink.” The crew was nervous as the plane approached Leopoldville, now Kinshasa in the Democratic Republic of Congo. The river runs fast and features cataracts in several areas. Plus, the abutting jungle is thick with overgrown trees jutting into the water. Ford set the plane down safely, then made his way to the docks. As he exited, he was handed a cold beer by a member of the Pan Am ground crew, which staffed a small outpost there. “That was one of the high points of the whole trip,” he recalled. One of the most difficult parts of the journey still lay ahead. The flight over the Atlantic to Brazil would be the longest stretch over open ocean. The crew flew nonstop for 20 hours, covering more than 3,500 miles to the eastern tip of the country, which was about as far as the Boeing 314 could fly without refueling.

From here, the rest of the trip was anticlimactic. The flying boat touched down briefly in the Caribbean before resuming its journey to LaGuardia Airport in New York City, where it landed on Jan. 6, 1942. At last, it was over.

All told, the Pacific Clipper had logged 209 hours in the air and traveled 31,500 miles around the globe. Even though the plane did not return to its starting point

in San Francisco, historians and aviation experts were quick to call the flight the first commercial circumnavigation of the globe, since the aircraft made it back to its country of origin. "It happened at a time when both oceans had been crossed before," van der Linden said "And it was not the first around-the-world flight. Several pilots had done it before. But those were all planned trips with maps and coordinates worked out in advance. What you have here is a commercial airliner with a commercial airliner crew doing this completely unplanned journey while under threat of being shot down." The Pacific Clipper's record for the longest commercial flight by mileage still stands today.

Dave Kindy is a journalist, freelance writer and book reviewer who lives in Plymouth, Mass. He writes about history, culture and other topics for Smithsonian, Air & Space, Military History, World War II, and Aviation History.



Please stay safe, healthy, get both of your inoculations and booster shots, wear your masks in stores and don't hug strangers. Look forward to the great times we will have together again on the MANY fabulous PORSCHE tours in 2022. I can't wait to get Europe in May for the Spring Treffen. All the best to you, Peter